If Evolution is true, then Jesus' death was worthless, unnecessary and did not remove the penalty of sin

Why Does This Matter?

- Theologically
- Hermeneutically/Socially
- Spiritually

BUT FIRST: DEFINITIONS

Terms to define: Creationism and Evolution

 Creationism: The belief that God created the earth in 6 literal, 24 hour days and all species of animals originated from kinds that God created and commanded to reproduce.
Additionally, it is the belief that the earth is 6 to 10 thousand years old

DEFINITIONS

 Evolution: The belief that all life originated from a single, self replicating cell that appeared from matter several millions of years ago (the number changes). Additionally, it believes the earth is roughly 4 to 14 billion years old (depending on source)

EVOLUTION

- -Needs 3 things:
 - 1. Time
 - 2. Mutations
 - 3. Natural Selection

Why Does This Matter?

- Theologically
- Hermeneutically/Socially
- Spiritually

THEOLOGICALLY

- Death before fall?
 - "Good" creation?
- Implications about God
- The Cross?

Death and Sin

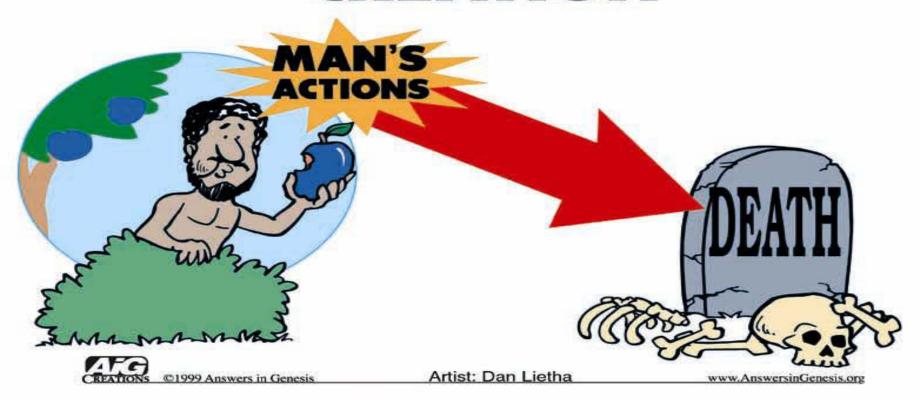
- Wages of sin is death (Romans 6:23)
- What is death?
 - Regular/irregular
 - Natural/unnatural
 - How did it enter? (Romans 5:12-14)

Death and Sin

- What kind of creation that is filled with death and suffering called "good"?
 - 5 times in Genesis 1



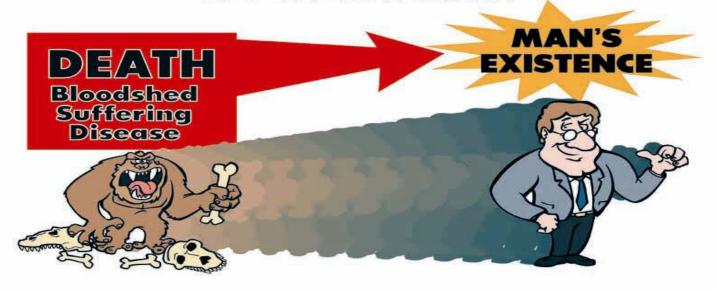
CREATION



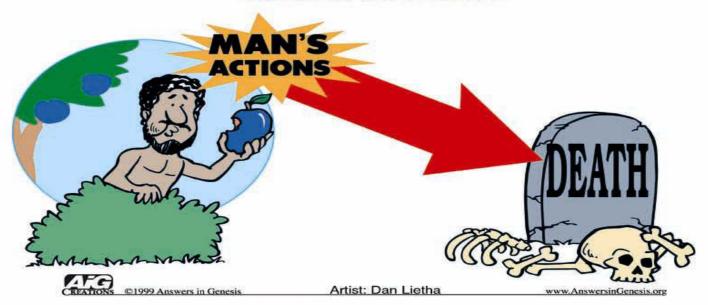
C"The secrets of evolution are time and death. Time for the slow accumulations of favorable mutations, and death to make room for new species."

Sagan, Carl, "Cosmos", program entitled "One Voice in the Cosmic Fugue."

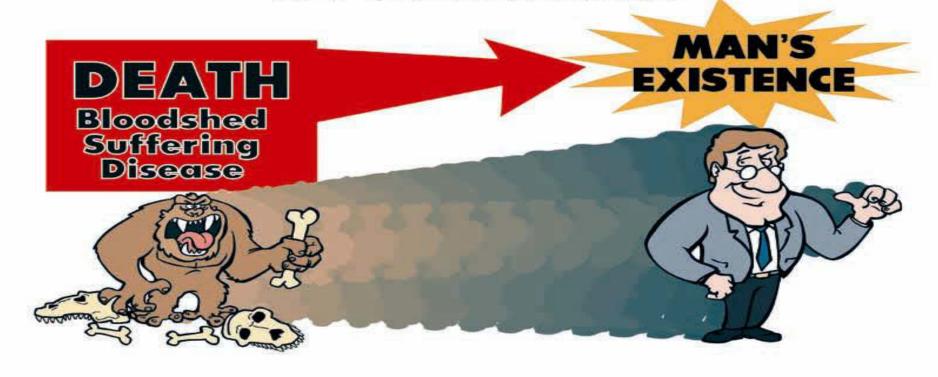
EVOLUTION



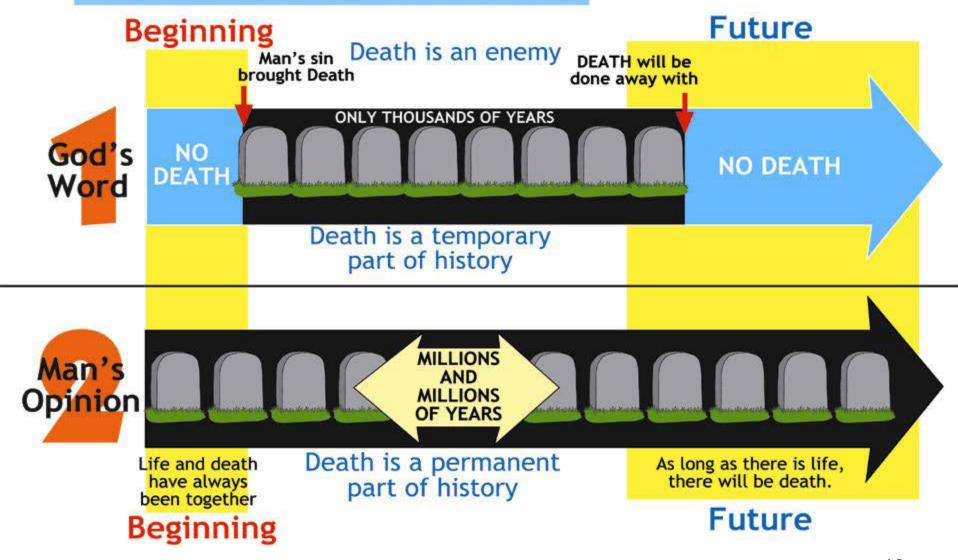
CREATION



EVOLUTION



Two Histories of **Death**

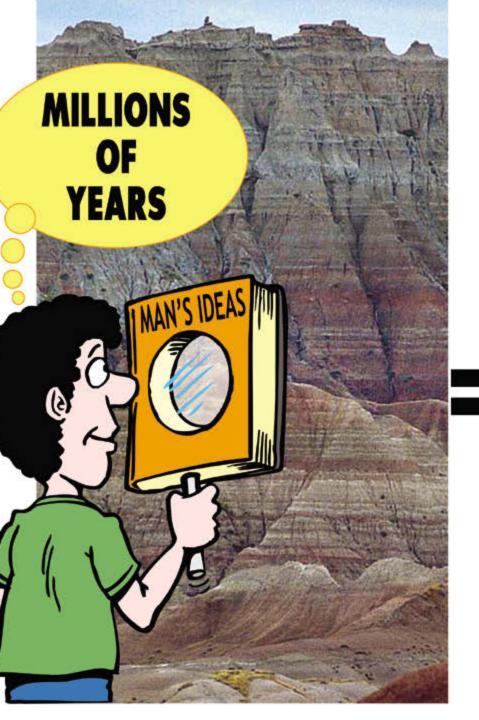


Implications about God

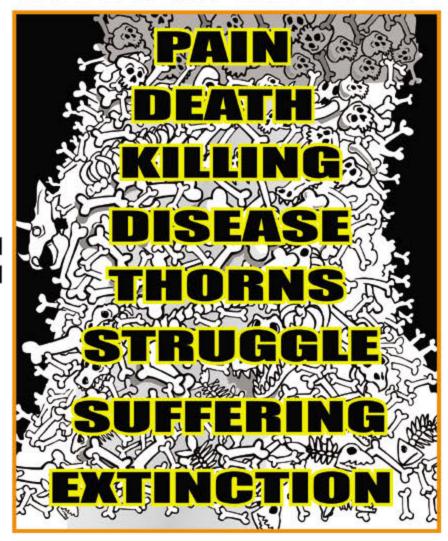
- Ultimate standard of "perfect"
- Called the earth good, and only Himself to "compare" it to
- If perfection declares something as "good", then how can it be anything less than "good"?
 - Death would have to be part of perfection
 - Goes against common thought

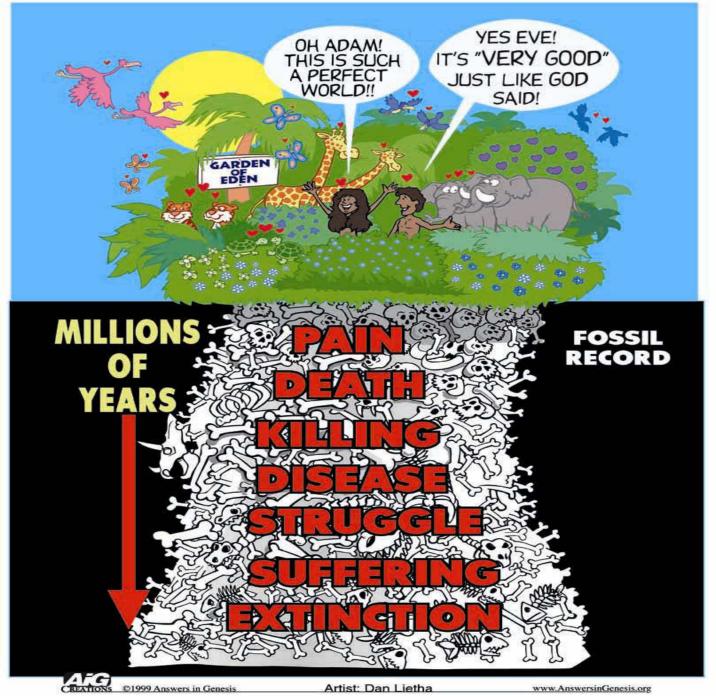
Implications about God

- A perfect God use a sloppy, inefficient, and time consuming process to bring about His will?
- A craftsman doesn't use old, rusty and broken tools to create his masterpiece



FOSSIL HISTORY RECORD





Implications about God

- Death limits life
- God cannot be limited
- We are made from His image
 - How can we who are in the image of an everlasting God be created as mortal and limited?

The Cross?

- Why did Jesus die for us?
 - Sin separates us from God (Romans 3:23)
 - It is irregular and abnormal
- If sin existed before the Fall, it would have been normal
 - What would have been the consequence of sin if death already existed?

The Cross?

- If sin doesn't lead to death, then why did we need saving?
- What reason would Jesus have to die for us?
- Just spiritual death?
 - If only came to save us from spiritual death, how did spiritual death arise?
 - Genesis 2:17 and 3:19, Romans 5:12-14

Holy Bible

> Therefore, just as through one man sin entered the world, and death through sin, and so death spread to all men, because all sinned.

> > Romans 5:12

It becomes clear now that the whole justification of Jesus' life and death is predicated on the existence of Adam and the forbidden fruit he and Eve ate. Without the original sin, who needs to be redeemed? Without Adam's fall into a life of constant sin terminated by death, what purpose is there to Christianity? None.

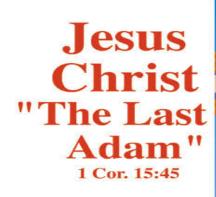
Richard Bozarth, "The meaning of evolution," American Atheist, September 20, 1979, page 30.

HERMINUTICALLY/SOCIALLY

- Interpretation of the Bible
 - When does allegorizing stop? Why at chapter 11?
 - If Adam is figurative, what about Paul's comparison with Moses in Romans 5 and 1 Cor 15:21-22?
 - Moses also figurative?
 - Even more, Adam is a type of Christ
 - Christ becomes figurative? (Rom 5:16-21)

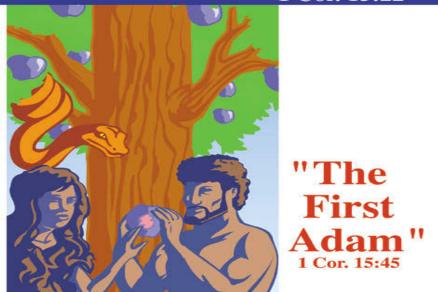
If Adam may be held to be no more real a personage than Prometheus, and if the story of the Fall is merely an instructive "type," comparable to the profound Promethean mythus, what value has Paul's dialectic?

Thomas Huxley, Science and Hebrew Tradition Essays, 1897, page 236.





For as in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive 1 Cor. 15:22



Which Adam is "non-essential" to the Gospel?

HERMINUTICALLY/SOCIALLY

- Tolerance
 - Stop taking the Bible as literal?
 - Miracles of Jesus not true because of science?
 - Can't use the "God in the gaps" argument
 - "Well, He's God, He can do it!" Also applies to creation
 - Christ's resurrection? ← Essential to our faith!
 - 1 Corinthians 15:12-22

SPIRITUALLY

- Necessary to believe literal, six day creation for salvation?
- ...NOPE
 - But there is conflict between the philosophical assumptions of evolution and the reason Christ died

SO NOW WHAT?

Trust in the Accuracy of Bible

- People who believed in Creation
 - God and Moses (Ex 20:8-11)
 - Jesus (Mark 10:5-9)
 - Paul (Romans 5)
 - David (Psalm 136)

Trust in the Accuracy of Bible

- Bible is scientifically accurate
 - Does not teach science
 - But is true in all it teaches about science

Understand Implications

- Evolution uproots the meaning of the Cross
- Brings false beliefs about God and what He makes
 - What he deems as "good"

Christianity is—must be! totally committed to the special creation as described in Genesis, and Christianity must fight with its full might, fair or foul against the theory of evolution.

Richard Bozarth, "The meaning of evolution," American Atheist, September 20, 1979, page 19.

Q069

Questions for Groups

- What do you agree with? And why?
- Disagree with?
- What does this mean for you personally?